## Principles of Nuclear Safety

#### Module 14

# SURVEILLANCE

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## Definition of Surveillance

**Surveillance** is the act of observing real time activities or reviewing documentation to verify conformance to specified requirements and industry good practices, and to evaluate their adequacy and effectiveness.

### Purposes of Surveillance Program

To ascertain extent to which plant design, operations and maintenance:

- 1) meet the terms & conditions of the License
- 2) optimize plant reliability & cost effectiveness

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#### Surveillance Roles & Responsibilities

- Role of System Responsible Engineer (SRE):
  - specifies surveillance program requirements
  - · evaluates results
  - initiates corrective action to improve system performance
- Operations staff execute the field activities

### Operator Surveillance Activities

- Shift Routines--eg, field tours, panel checks
- Call-ups--periodic, formally documented tasks
- Tests on poised, safety-related systems
  - · to detect and correct failures
  - · to assess availability
  - · to validate safety assumptions

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#### Maintenance Surveillance Activities

- Periodic call-ups
  - eg, to change lubricant, replace filters, replace ageing components,...
- Detailed inspections
  - · to monitor wear rate, ageing effects,...
  - · to detect incipient failures
- Breakdown maintenance
  - to restore operation to satisfy safety analysis assumptions

### SS Surveillance Role

- Ensures field activities executed to a proper standard
  - · especially deficiency reporting and correction
- Personally monitors O&M to ensure compliance with OP&P and PROL
  - · eg, panel check sheets and SSS test forms
- Reports significant events via SER and Shift Summary Report

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